

The Texas-Pacific Railroad.

Will get before Congress through a report from the Committee on Pacific Railroads that will favor the bill (with some amendments) prepared by Mr. STEPHENS, of Georgia. This gentleman is a remarkable man of the times. He is one of the clearest-minded and most just of men. His great forte is his ability to consider patiently and impartially cases involving a variety of interests, and, after investigation, arrive at fair and proper decisions with regard to them. The Texas-Pacific case was greatly troubled by conflicting interests, more imaginary than real, but yet the cause of disturbance and trouble. Mr. STEPHENS in his bill has contrived to compromise disagreements and unite what were previously discordant elements.

To look at Mr. STEPHENS seems to be so purely intellectual, so entirely unselfish and freed from sordidness, that the idea presses itself upon one that he is sitting in the presence of a soul only sufficiently attended by fleshly sensibilities to give it the preceptions and the speech essential for communication. His countenance is intellectually illumined. He is possessed of great influence, as he should be; because his integrity, his freedom from partisan bias, and his public devotion give to his opinions and judgment uncommon weight.

Mr. STEPHENS has done a great service in giving his mind to the consideration of the most important matter of public improvement of the times—the Texas-Pacific railway. He has studied it thoroughly, and has embodied his conclusions in a bill which has met the approval of a majority of the Committee on Pacific Railroads, and the Congress will have this bill to consider. It is a good sign for the cause of this improvement that a charter for it has undergone the revision and reconstruction under Mr. STEPHENS' mind. It is a sure presage that the bill will be fair to Government and to people.

The Texas-Pacific railway is a national measure of unequalled importance. It should be sustained by both North and South as indispensable to the integrity of the Union and to the preservation of that vigilance and impregnability which the Republic must maintain. If it is the measure that demands the favor and support of all sections it is eminently deserving of the support of the representatives of the South. As a matter of right to the South a railway should be built on a southern line of latitude. It is both just and necessary to the Union as a way to balance the sections. This line should be entirely disentangled from all alliance with any other road. There must be not only independence but competition between the trans-continental lines. This is indispensable to public liberty. A monopoly of the trans-continental lines would be the most monstrous and oppressive that ever afflicted a civilized nation.

The opposition to the Texas-Pacific line comes from a corporation that seeks exactly this monopoly. This opposition comes from the Central Pacific and JAY GOULD, the stock-gambler of New York, and his creatures. North and South should rise with one voice and drive these greedy and extortionate men from the halls of national legislation. JAY GOULD has visited ruin and distress upon all quarters of the nation by his financial operations and panics, and now he seeks to oppress the business and commerce of the country with the crushing folds of a monopoly outrageous, huge, and destructive.

The Texas-Pacific line is the shortest from ocean to ocean. It has a general advantage over that from California to the east of a thousand miles. Most of its line is through a level country, and its highest elevation is 3,000 feet, lower than the highest on the Central Pacific Road. That road is encumbered by sharp curves, steep grades, and 150 miles of snow-sheds. The whole Texas-Pacific road is below the snow line, and not subject to the climatic and other physical obstructions that render the Central line unreliable for three or four months in the year.

It is plain how it is that the Central line wishes to monopolize this Texas-Pacific line. The motive should only increase the determination of Congress to defeat it. The Texas-Pacific only asks of the Government a guarantee of five per cent. interest on their bonds to about \$32,000,000, which they propose to secure by the proceeds of the sales of 18,000,000 acres of land, the net earnings of the road, transportation of troops, &c., for Government, and \$5,000 per mile in Government bonds to be sold to meet any deficiency in paying interest. It would be ridiculous to add anything to this ample security.

Now, a scheme so just, so essential to the defenses and developments of the nation should be sustained heartily by the whole nation. We are surprised at what may very reasonably be taken for supineness of congressmen North and South upon this subject. We implore our southern representatives to give to it their energetic and enthusiastic support. They cannot better advance the interests of their constituents than in doing so. We appeal to North and South to combine and hurry the road to completion. The interests of millions of people and the national increase in wealth, with unprecedented rapidity, depends upon it. It would more than repeat the wonders of California.

The Silver Bill.

As passed by the Senate was not at all acceptable to the ultras on the silver side, and they, with impracticable gold-worshippers, voted against it. So we have these extremists combining in predictions almost as dreadful as the prophecies relating to the doomed cities of the plain. While the predictions are being made, they are being falsified by the daily reports of the financial world. We have only found encouragement and strength in our own views in the crazy prophecies of these people. We anticipate a period of ease and faith in the monetary world. It matters not now whether the resumption bill is repealed or not. If it is not repealed, the resumption of silver will enable the country to stand up under resumption, and soon tide us over that struggle. If the resumption law is repealed, silver will act still as ballast, repelling crazy speculation and preventing panic, and keeping the ship upright. Silver is the thing for the world. It will do immense good in the way of restoring confidence in the commercial world. The coin-certificates that will be issued by the Government upon deposits of silver will enter largely into commerce. The prejudiced gold-worshippers would no doubt attempt to discredit them; but as they are receivable in duties or debts to the Government this cannot be done.

We trust gentlemen will not needlessly agitate themselves. Silver is all right—so is gold, although it has seen the day of apprehension and consternation. Silver was in good reputation in the best days of this nation, and we only deplore the fact that its restoration we cannot restore along with it the good people who in times past revered it.

A Good Bill Passed.

The Senate Saturday passed House bill to amend the charter of the Straight-Shoot Railroad, and to change its name to the Richmond and Alleghany Railroad Company, and to extend its privileges. It is a bill not adverse to Richmond interests, but, on the contrary, acceptable to our people. The Senate made some amendments at the request of its friends, and these amendments will be readily accepted by the House.

We have reason to believe that there are interests involved in this enterprise that will not permit it to linger in apathy. Gentlemen of means are already interested in the mineral wealth of the James-River Valley. It is necessary for the development of the immensely valuable ores of the valley that a railway should drain it and place the mines in communication with a centre of business. Those who develop this mineral wealth must have a place of trade where capital and supplies concentrate and credit may readily secure enterprise and industry. We do not make any great predictions. We only say that the resources of the James-River Valley are such as to promise thrift and prosperity to those who may help to develop them; and for our own city we can positively predict that if the valley in which she stands is developed she must increase in both wealth and population to a degree that we have thus far only heard of, but of which we have a very imperfect conception.

Of this railroad enterprise we must await developments. At present we are cheered by the energetic proceedings of the James-River Canal Company in restoring the canal from Lynchburg to Buchanan to navigable order. We may expect to see that work completed in that expeditious way the fashion for which has been set by Major Johnson, president of the company. If these James-River enterprises should be pushed with a zeal commensurate with their importance even we may live to see grand things accomplished along the main artery that unites with the heart of Virginia.

Better Times.

We assure our friend in Lancaster county that as far as our forecast enables us to look ahead, and not very far off. This great country cannot be kept down. It is too irrepressible in resources and spirit to be kept subordinated to the follies and vices of demagogism and sordid partisanship. We are getting things in "ship-shape." The remonetization of silver—the people's money—is an important step for the good of the country. Resumption or not, things are assuming order, and confidence is strengthening. The country will in a short time be better off, and there will be a condition of quiet, freedom from sectionalism, and national harmony that will be favorable to general prosperity and contentment to a degree not known before since the war. Better times are nearly here.

The Sanctity of Obligations.

We think we have no where seen in a more condensed and vigorous form a presentation of the idea of the sanctity of the obligations of a community than in the following extract from a speech of Senator HILL, of Georgia:

There is but one patriotic course for men to pursue in the high positions of this country. Call back, if you can, the people to an honest, renewed recognition of the obligations of contracts and of covenants. Teach the present generation, teach all generations, that unflinching fidelity to obligations, fidelity to constitutional obligations, and fidelity to contract obligations, through all trials and at any cost, is the purest religion, the wisest statesmanship, and the highest patriotism.

Mr. SHERMAN, Secretary of the Treasury, gave assurances to the friends of silver remonetization that if it passed he would execute it faithfully. Well he might, and we see not why not.

The New Jersey Legislature has passed a law making six per cent. the lawful interest of the State. The Governor has the bill under consideration.

The Last of the Haddons. A Novel. By Mrs. NEWMAN, author of "Jean." New York: HARPER & BROTHERS.

No. 606 of HARPER'S Library of Select Novels.

For sale by C. F. JOHNSON.

HARPER'S HALF-HOURS.—We have also from Mr. C. F. JOHNSON the following books of HARPER'S most handy and instructive "Half-Hours": "The Spanish Armada for the Invasion of England," by ALFRED H. GUERNSEY; "Machavelli—Horace Walpole," by LORD MACAULAY; "Back to Back—A Story of To-day," by EDWARD EVERETT HALE; "Constantinople," by JAMES BRYCE; and "Sir William Temple," by LORD MACAULAY.

THE GREENBACK CONVENTION.—Toledo, February 23.—The Greenback Convention, after appointing an executive committee, adjourned sine die. The platform is worthy. The report of the proceedings closed with the following: "Mr. DUNHAM, from the District of Columbia, read a dispatch from the Hon. B. F. Butler, which was withheld from the press, but which urged the Convention to denounce the modification of the silver bill, insisted on by the gold-men, and to pass anti-resumption resolutions."

A resolution was then offered and unanimously adopted denouncing the silver bill just passed in Congress as a delusion, and indignantly condemning it as a financial measure.

Last night orders were issued by the Secretary of the Treasury to all superintendents of mints to place them in readiness for the coining of the silver dollars.—Baltimore American.

[No veto in that order.]

JUDGE GUGION.—No event of the period has surprised or distressed us more than the sudden and lamented death of Judge GUGION, of Richmond. Without any personal acquaintance with that distinguished gentleman, and taking him simply upon his legal and judicial record, which we have always observed with particular interest, we consider him a great loss to the community in which he presided, and to the State which gave him birth. He was a citizen of noble and pure life, and a judge without fear and without reproach.—Petersburg Post.

A Dubuque man some four years ago buried \$4,000 in a field, and soon after left the State. He returned, and only found his treasure after many months of search, the old landmarks having been removed.

The San Francisco Medical Society has been examining the case of a Chinaman afflicted with leprosy. The opinion was expressed that the disease might become epidemic in the low valleys of California.

Henry M. Stanley, who has made himself so famous as an explorer and a journalist, is Welsh by birth, and was originally named Rowland.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF VIRGINIA.

February 23, 1878.

SENATE.

Senator WALKER on the chair.

A number of House bills were twice read and referred.

PASSED.

House bill to amend the charter of the Straight-Shoot Railroad Company was passed under a suspension of the rules.

House bill to incorporate the Powell's Fort Mining Company.

House bill authorizing the board of supervisors of Middlesex county to levy for and collect and to invest certain school funds in Middlesex county.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

On motion of Mr. BLAND, Mr. DANIEL was granted leave of absence for two days.

Mr. BLAND stated that Mr. NUNN was detained from his seat by sickness.

On motion of Mr. WOOD, Mr. BLISS was granted leave of absence for two days.

BILLS PRESENTED, &c.

Mr. BLAND presented for Mr. DANIEL a bill to authorize the Lynchburg Virginia Guard to uniform themselves as they may think proper. Placed on the calendar.

By same: A bill to authorize the Circuit Court of Campbell to hear and determine the petition of Joseph Pannill, of said county, for a divorce from the bond of matrimony, filed on the calendar.

By Mr. TAYLOR: A bill to regulate insurance companies doing business in the State of Virginia.

On motion of Mr. TYLER it was ordered that when the Senate adjourn to adjourn on Monday at 11 A. M.

Mr. CURTIS presented a preamble and resolution adjourning the Senate at 1 P. M. in respect to Judge Guigon's memory.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

The Speaker called the House to order at 11 o'clock.

JUDGE CHRISTIAN'S ALLOWANCE.

The Committee on Retrenchment and Reform reported it inexpedient to legislate upon the subject of a resolution proposing to repeal the act making an allowance of \$1,000 for a Judge of the Supreme Court to reside at Richmond.

PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. VAN LERAR: Petition of citizens of Augusta county for the relief of J. Newton Perry from the payment of a fine imposed upon him by the court of said county.

By Mr. WALKER of Westmoreland: Memorials of sundry citizens relating to the incorporation of the Mary Washington Association of America.

By Mr. TALLAPPO of Gloucester: A bill to authorize fishing with pound-nets in water-courses wherever said water-courses are over two miles wide.

By Mr. FICKLER: A bill to provide for repairing the roads and bridges in the county of Buckingham.

By Mr. TAYLOR: A bill to relieve William P. Harvey of a fine.

By Mr. POPEHAM: A bill to enable the cities of Richmond and Lynchburg to assist in the construction of certain railroads.

By Mr. DAVIS: A bill to amend and re-enact section 16 of chapter 128 of the Acts of 1876-77, in respect to the charter of North Davidson.

By Mr. HARRISON of Sussex: A bill to amend and re-enact section 89 of an act prescribing general provisions in relation to commissioners of the revenue and the assessment of taxes on persons, property, incomes, licenses, &c., approved March 16, 1874.

By Mr. HARRISON of Sussex: A bill to define the limits of the tide-water section.

CIRCUIT COURT OF HENRICO.

Mr. HENRY offered a bill providing that after the first of July the Circuit Court of Henrico shall be held at the county courthouse, and validating all acts done by the court at its present location, in the city of Richmond; this because the other bill went into effect from its passage, and Judge Wellford, not knowing of its contents, continued to hold court at the old place. The bill was placed upon the calendar.

NIGHT SESSIONS.

Resolved, That on and after Monday next (25th instant), until otherwise ordered, the Speaker shall vacate the chair at 3 o'clock P. M. and resume it at 8 o'clock P. M. of each day.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

was granted MESSRS. JAMES of Goodland one day; MONROE, HUNTER, and EDMUNDS two days each; GRAY four days, and indefinite leave for MOFFETT and ASHTON.

REAPPORTIONMENT.

The bill reappointing members of the General Assembly came up. Senate amendment was agreed to. The bill is substantially the same as reported by the committee.

MARY WASHINGTON ASSOCIATION.

Mr. WALKER of Westmoreland, under a suspension of the rules, presented House bill "to incorporate the Mary Washington Association of America," which was read a first time.

THE NEW FUNDING BILL.

House bill 290, "to provide for the consolidation of the public debt," &c., was, on motion of Mr. HARRISON of Sussex, made the special continuing order for Monday at 1 o'clock.

STRAIGHT SHOOT.

The House was notified that the Senate had agreed to the Straight-Shoot Railroad bill, with amendments.

LEASE OF PENITENTIARY.

House bill proposing to lease out the penitentiary was discussed from 1 until nearly 2, when Mr. STEVENS got the floor.

JUDGE GUGION.

Mr. STEVENS offered the following as a privileged motion:

Whereas it appears from the morning papers of this city that the funeral of A. B. Guigon, late Judge of the Hustings Court of the City of Richmond, is announced to take place this evening from the Monumental church at 3 o'clock, therefore, in respect to the memory of the deceased, be it

Resolved, That this House do now adjourn.

Agreed to.

Adjourned.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. EMILY Z. HALL, wife of Robert J. Hall, departed this life in Hanover February 3, 1878, in her sixty-sixth year.

For forty-three years she had been a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and ever ready to encourage efforts for good, and extending the warmest sympathy for those religiously inclined, and an ever ready motive to "Do unto others as you would be done by." As a wife she was devoted as a mother, tender, and patient in her last hours, when told of her approaching end, she asked why she had not been told before, and calling her husband, children, and grandchildren by name, gave directions about many things, and said "I am not afraid to die; try and meet me in Heaven." While kind words were being said, she died, and example, and do as they were bidden.

Press onward, then, though fees may frown. While kind words are being said, and pray. Accept the cross, and with the crown, Love's everlasting token.

C. J. TERRELL.

MILITARY NOTICES.

HEADQUARTERS ATTACHES GUARD, RICHMOND, February 25, 1878. J. A. STEEL, Captain.

ASSEMBLE AT YOUR ARMOY IN A public hall, on the corner of Main and 10th streets, for inspection, at 7 o'clock P. M. TO-NIGHT, February 25th. Every member to be present. By command of Captain J. A. STEEL.

W. F. GRAY, Orderly Sergeant.

LECTURE.

LECTURE BY REV. S. A. STEEL, at Broad-Street Methodist Episcopal church, TUESDAY NIGHT, February 26th, at 8 o'clock. Subject: "THE WISDOM OF GOD." Admission, 25c. fe 23-3t

HAIR GOODS, &c.

HUMAN HAIR GOODS. L. W. CORBETT, 619 BROAD STREET.

Available from Pieces for the Hair, Wigs and Braids, Putts, Frisettes, and all prices. Hair Combs made up to order, at 20 and 25c. per comb. Also, an extensive stock of hair brushes, and giving special attention to this branch of our business, we can always guarantee the very best work possible. Country orders attended to with greatest care and promptness. fe 25-1w

SPECIAL OFFER.

THE BEST CHANCE EVER OFFERED.

TO PROCURE CHEAP DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.

LEVY BROTHERS CONTINUE THEIR CLOSING-OUT SALE UNTIL MARCH 1ST.

EVERY ARTICLE IN THEIR STORE, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF CLARK'S AND COATS' SPOL COTTON, IS SOLD AT A DISCOUNT OF TEN CENTS ON EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH YOU PURCHASE.

YOU DO NOT PURCHASE A FEW ARTICLES AT THIS REDUCTION AND HAVE TO PAY FULL PRICES ON ALL OTHERS: BUT YOU GET THE TEN CENTS OFF ON EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH YOU BUY.

THIS IS A CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY, AND IT COMES IN GOOD TIME FOR THOSE WHO HAVE LITTLE MONEY TO SPEND.

BUY WHAT YOU WANT BEFORE THE 1ST OF MARCH, AND SAVE TEN CENTS ON EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH OF GOODS YOU PURCHASE, AT fe 22 LEVY BROTHERS.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

can be had at LEVY BROTHERS' at the LOWEST PRICES EVER KNOWN, and they take off from now until the 1st of March AN EXTRA TEN CENTS on every dollar's worth of goods you purchase of them. fe 22 LEVY BROTHERS.

are selling at least NINETY-FIVE ARTICLES out of a HUNDRED AT LESS PRICES than the same goods can be purchased for elsewhere. fe 22

CHAMPAGNE.—Just received, direct from France, a fresh lot of CHAMPAGNE, consisting of EXTRA DRY VERZENAY, NAPOLEON CABINET, and PREMIERE SERRE, for sale at moderate prices by OSCAR CRANZ, 10-20 W. No. 14 Governor street.

THALIMIER BROTHERS, LEADERS OF LOW PRICES, TO THE FRONT—STILL FURTHER REDUCTIONS TO CLOSE OUT OUR WINTER STOCK—SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED THIS WEEK.

1,200 yards good quality COLORED PIQUES at 84¢ worth 12c.

25 pieces FINEST NAINSOOK and CAMBRIC at 10¢ to 15¢.

75 pieces NEW STYLE SHIRTING CAMBRIC at 10¢.

A large stock SHEETINGS and COTTONS at the lowest market prices. Any one in want of good and cheap DRESS GOODS, SHIRTS, BLANKETS, and UNDERWEARS, should give us a call, as we guarantee to save from 10 to 25 per cent. on them.

A full line of BLACK ALPACAS, CACHEMIRES, TRIMMINGS, &c., at extra low prices. Our stock of these goods is complete, and ask a call from there in want of SUMMER DRESS GOODS, TOWELS, NAPKINS, WHITE MARSEILLES and other QUALITIES, are selling our extensive stock of CASHMERE for men's and boys' wear, WATER-PROOF and HEAVY CLOTHS, RED, WHITE, BLUE, and GRAY FLANNELS, CHEVIOT SHIRTINGS, &c., at prices lower than ever, to reduce stock, give us a call on THALIMIER BROTHERS, 601 Broad street.

THALIMIER BROTHERS, 601 Broad street.

COD-LIVER OIL. MEADE & BAKER'S MEDICINALLY PURE. IMPORTED DIRECT.

We have the testimony of physicians who prescribe it, and of patients who have taken it, that it is MORE ACCEPTABLE TO THE STOMACH AND MORE EASILY ASSIMILATED THAN ANY OTHER OIL. MEADE & BAKER, Importing and Dispensing Pharmacists, no 15 919 Main street, Richmond, Va.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

R. F. JOHNSTON & CO., INSURANCE AGENCY, 1117 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

represent the following old and reliable Fire-Insurance Companies:

WEST VIRGINIA FIRE-INSURANCE COMPANY—Cash assets, \$1,000,000.

MARYLAND FIRE-INSURANCE COMPANY—Assets, \$200,000.

These companies have a deposit with the Treasurer of the State for the protection of the Virginia policy-holders.

Insurance effected on the most reasonable terms. fe 25-MeThaw R. F. JOHNSTON & CO.

CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

HOME OFFICE, STATE-BANK BUILDING, RICHMOND, VA. CAPITAL, \$200,000.

JOHN A. COKE, President; F. T. GLASGOW, Vice-President; E. B. MEADE, Secretary; J. B. GRANT, Assistant Secretary. fe 25-3m

DISSOLUTIONS & PARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of A. H. NOTT & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. A. H. NOTT having purchased the interest of J. H. GRESHAM. A. H. NOTT assumes all the liabilities of the late firm, and is alone authorized to collect and sign the name of the firm in liquidation. All parties indebted to the concern are requested to come forward and settle, and those having claims against the firm will present them to A. H. NOTT for settlement. fe 25-MeThaw A. H. NOTT, J. H. GRESHAM.

WHOLESALE WOODEN- AND WIRE-WARE. LOW-WARE, ROPES, TWINES, TIN-WARE, &c. The liberal patronage extended to the late firm, and with the determination to meet the views of the trade as to prices and quality of goods, we are enabled to offer a lower price than they can be had elsewhere. We are manufacturing BLANK-BOOKS and PAPER-BOXES of all sizes and styles to any made. J. W. RANDOLPH & ENGLISH, Publishers, Bookbinders, Stationers, Printers, Binders, Paper-Box and Blank-Book Manufacturers, 10-24-W

ANNUAL NOTICES.

THE BOTTOM KNOCKED OUT AT LAST.

GREAT PANIC AT STYCE BROTHERS'.

GOODS MUST BE SOLD, MONEY MUST BE RAISED.

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY.

GUARANTEE THE CHEAPEST GOODS IN THE CITY.

NEVER CHARGE OVER TEN PER CENT. PROFIT ON ANY GOODS SOLD AT ANY TIME.

REMEMBER, TEN CENTS ON THE DOLLAR IS THE ONLY PROFIT WE EVER CHARGE.

We buy all our goods for cash, which enables us to sell CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY. Come and see for yourselves, and you will not go away dissatisfied.

NEW GOODS RECEIVED FROM LARGE AUCTIONS IN NEW YORK ON EVERY STEAMER.

A FULL LINE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

THE INDUCEMENTS ARE OFFERED FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY.

Don't stop anywhere else before you look at STYCE BROTHERS', 311 Broad street.

OWING TO THE GREAT DECLINE IN DRY GOODS RECENTLY

COHEN BROTHERS have been enabled to reduce WAMSUTTA BLEACHED MUSLINS to 11c.

FRUIT-OF-THE-LOOM to 9c.

ANDROSCOGGIN to 8c.

and all other brands to a corresponding reduction; The VERY BEST PRINTS from 5 to 6c.

SHEETINGS, TICKS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, and all FANCY GOODS and TRIMMING to a similar reduction.

REMEMBER, COHEN BROTHERS are in receipt of their new stock, and are offering FRESH AND DESIRABLE GOODS for less than any other house is offering their last season's stock. fe 19

NEW PRICES.

COHEN BROTHERS have reduced their COLORED SILKS to 75c. from \$1.25; from \$1.50 to 90c.

CHECKED and STRIPED SILKS to 50c and 55c; COLORED CASHMERE at 50c, formerly sold at 55c.

BLACK CASHMERE fully thirty per cent. less than any former price.

DOUBLE-WIDTH BLACK ALPACAS at 18c, 25c, and up fully thirty to forty per cent. less than any former price.